

## TUNABLE GRAPHENE SPLIT-RING RESONATORS

Qiaoxia XING<sup>1,2</sup>, Chong WANG<sup>1,2</sup>, Shenyang HUANG<sup>1,2</sup>, Tong LIU<sup>1,2</sup>, Yuangang XIE<sup>1,2</sup>,  
Chaoyu SONG<sup>1,2</sup>, Fanjie WANG<sup>1,2</sup>, Xuesong LI<sup>3,4</sup>, Lei ZHOU<sup>1,2</sup>, and Hugen YAN<sup>1,2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>State Key Laboratory of Surface Physics, Department of Physics, Fudan University, Shanghai 200433, China

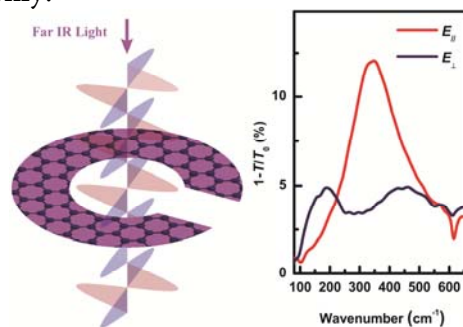
<sup>2</sup>Key Laboratory of Micro and Nano-Photonic Structures (Ministry of Education), Fudan University, Shanghai 200433, China

<sup>3</sup>State Key Laboratory of Electronic Thin Films and Integrated Devices, University of Electronic Science and Technology of China, Chengdu 610054, China

<sup>4</sup>School of Electronic Science and Engineering, University of Electronic Science and Technology of China, Chengdu 610054, China

[lx@uestc.edu.cn](mailto:lx@uestc.edu.cn) (X. L.), [phzhou@fudan.edu.cn](mailto:phzhou@fudan.edu.cn) (L. Z.), [hgyan@fudan.edu.cn](mailto:hgyan@fudan.edu.cn) (H. Y.)

A split-ring resonator is a prototype of a meta-atom in metamaterials. Although noble metal-based split ring resonators have been extensively studied, to date, there is no experimental demonstration of split-ring resonators made from graphene, an emerging intriguing plasmonic material. Here, we experimentally demonstrate graphene split-ring resonators with deep subwavelength (about one hundredth of the excitation wavelength) magnetic dipole response in the terahertz regime. Meanwhile, the quadrupole and electric dipole are observed, depending on the incident light polarization. All modes can be tuned via chemical doping or stacking multiple graphene layers. The strong interaction with surface polar phonons of the SiO<sub>2</sub> substrate also significantly modifies the response. Finite-element frequency-domain simulations nicely reproduce experimental results. Our study moves one stride forward toward the multifunctional graphene metamaterials, beyond simple graphene ribbon or disk arrays with electrical dipole resonances only.



**Figure 1.** Split ring resonator with normal incident polarized far-infrared radiation (left), typical extinction spectra of an SRR array on Si substrate (right).

### References

- [1] Qiaoxia Xing, Chong Wang, Shenyang Huang, Tong Liu, Yuangang Xie, Chaoyu Song, Fanjie Wang, Xuesong Li, Lei Zhou, and Hugen Yan, Tunable Graphene Split-Ring Resonators, Phys. Rev. Applied 13, 041006 (2020).